

**621.8.03**

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**2.**

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**3.**

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 - ,  
 $MeO \cdot Fe_2O_3$ ,  
 NiO, CoO, MnO, MgO, FeO, CuO, ZnO, CdO.  $Fe_2O_3$  ,

$Fe_2O_4$

$Me + Fe_2O_4 \leftrightarrow MeO + Fe_2O_3$ ,  
 • • ,  $Fe_2O_4$   $Fe_2O_3$ .

•  $Fe_2O_3$   
 , • • ,  $900^0$   $1500^0$  .

50- [1].  
 ( ) , —  
 ( ) .

$$M_s(T, H) = M_b(T, H) - M_a(T, H).$$

( $Fe_2O_3$ ),

gO, MnO,  $Fe_2O_3$  BaO.

. 1.

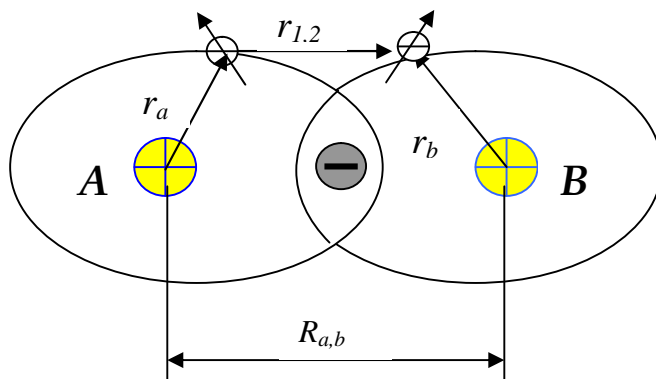
$p-s, d-s, f-s$   $f-d$

$$\tau = \frac{2\pi r_n}{v_n}, \quad (1)$$

$r_n$   $v_n$  —

1. ,

-	, ,			, ,			, ,			- , *10 <sup>30</sup>	- , *10 <sup>24</sup>
	1	2	3	$r_1$	$r_2$	$r_3$	$Z_1^*$	$Z_2^*$	$Z_3^*$	$p$	
	13,6	35,1	54,9	0,74	0,57	0,54	0,70	1,39	2,05	5,305/ 2,755	9,17
<i>Mg</i>	7,65	15,0	80,1	1,72	1,55	1,25	0,91	1,62	6,97	1,25/ 33,36	15,97
<i>Mn</i>	7,44	15,6	33,7	1,77	1,21	0,63	0,91	1,31	1,47	18,61/ 35,28	16,23
<i>Ba</i>	5,21	10,0	35,8	2,78	1,81	0,98	1,01	1,25	2,43	26,5/ 32,25	21,33
<i>Fe</i>	7,87	16,2	30,6	1,71	1,60	1,37	0,94	1,79	2,92	18,29/ 41,90	16,16



. 1.

$$v_k = \begin{cases} \frac{Z^* e^2}{2\varepsilon_0 h n^*} & l = 0; \\ \frac{Z^* e^2}{2\varepsilon_0 h \sqrt{l(l+1)}} & l \geq 1; \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

$$n^* - ; - ; h$$

$$, Z^* -$$

$$\sqrt{l(l+1)}, \quad l \geq 1$$

$$n^* = \sqrt{\frac{E_H}{\theta_i - \varepsilon_k}}; Z^* = \gamma - S/2, \quad (3)$$

$$S - ; k - ; \theta_i -$$

$$\gamma = 4\pi\varepsilon_0 \langle r \rangle \theta_i / e^2 -$$

$$\theta_i$$

$$\langle r \rangle$$

$$E = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i \kappa_i^2 \left[ \sum_{k=0}^3 \sum_{l=0}^3 Z_{a,k}^* Z_{b,l}^* \int \int_{(a)(b)} \rho_{e,a}(\varepsilon_k) \rho_{e,b}(\varepsilon_l) \left( \frac{H_{1,1} + H_{1,2}}{1+S} \right)_{k,l} d\varepsilon_k d\varepsilon_l \right]_i. \quad (4)$$

$$N_i - i - ; i - ; Z_{a,k}^* Z_{b,l}^* - ; , , b - ; k$$

$$b;_{1,1},_{1,2} S - ; k$$

$$l - (4)$$

$$U(r) = -\frac{a}{r^6} + \frac{b}{r^{12}}, \quad (5)$$

$$b - (4)$$

$$R_{a,b}, \dots$$

$$a = 2E R_{a,b}^6; \quad b = E R_{a,b}^{12}. \quad (6)$$

и  $\tau_1, \tau_2$  – времена, в течение которых заряды  $q_1$  и  $q_2$  находятся в состоянии равновесия. Тогда:

$$P_1 = \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1 + \tau_2} \left( 1 - \frac{\tau_2}{\tau_1 + \tau_2} \right), \quad (7)$$

и:

$$P_2 = \frac{\tau_2}{\tau_1 + \tau_2} \left( 1 - \frac{\tau_1}{\tau_1 + \tau_2} \right). \quad (8)$$

$$= [(1 - P_1) \tau_2 + P_1(1 - P_2)] S(1 - S) \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r_e^2}, \quad (9)$$

$r_e =$

и, следовательно, для системы из  $N$  частиц:

$$E_{\text{вн}} = \frac{S(1-S)e}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r_e^2} \{ [P_1(1-P_2)(p_{1,2} - p_{1,1})] + [(1-P_1) \tau_2 (p_{1,1} - p_{1,2})] \}. \quad (10)$$

и, следовательно:

$$E_{\text{вн}} = 2 \frac{P_{1,1} p_{1,2}}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r_e^3}. \quad (11)$$

и

$$E_s = P_1 P_2 (1-S)^2 \left( \frac{1}{r_1} + \frac{1}{r_2} \right) \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0}, \quad (12)$$

$$r_1 = r_e / (1 + r_a / r_b); \quad r_2 = r_e - r_1.$$

$$D = E_{\text{вн}} + E_{\text{вн}} + E_{\text{вн}} + E_{\text{вн}} + E_s.$$

S-

и, следовательно:

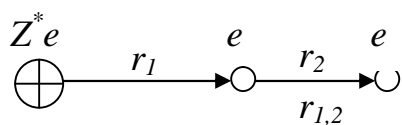
. 1.

$s$ -,  $d$ -,  $f$ -  
-,  $d$ -,  $f$ -

$s$  -  
 $s$ - $p$ ,  $s$ - $d$ ,  $s$ - $f$

$S$ -,  $D$ -,  $F$ -

$$0,89 \cdot 10^{-30} = 7,33 \cdot 10^{-30}$$



. 2.

$$= Z_1^{*2} e \bar{x}. \quad (13)$$

. 1, (4)-(12)

. 2.

$$(1 - P_1 S) \theta_{i,1} + P_1 S \theta_{i,2}.$$

$$\theta_1 = (1 - P_1 S) \theta_{i,1} + P_1 S \theta_{i,2}. \quad (14)$$

$$\theta_2 = (1 - P_2 S) \theta_{i,2} + P_2 S \theta_{i,1}. \quad (15)$$

1 2

. 2. FeO

( )

2.

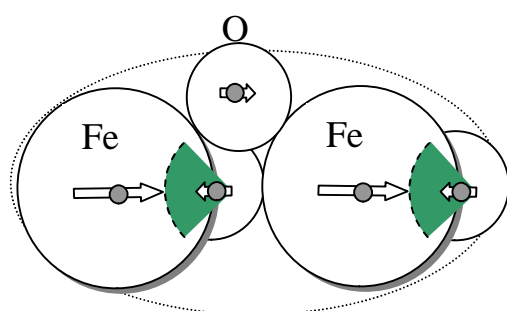
	gO	MnO	BaO	FeO
$r_e, \text{\AA}$	1,75	1,77	1,94	1,63
$E$	-4,53	-4,53	-5,31	-5,97
	-0,75	-0,78	-0,86	-0,91
	0,50	0,60	0,57	0,66
	1,69	2,06	1,37	2,64
$E_s$	-0,98	-0,93	-2,23	-0,69
	4,15/4,16	3,58/3,7	6,46	4,27/4,2
$R, \text{\AA}$	1,895	1,955	2,756	1,879
$\cdot 10^{30}$	25,25	32,24	26,12/ 26,66	32,58
$p_M \cdot 10^{24}$ $A \cdot ^2$	25,50 (2,75)	26,71 (2,88)	33,89 (3,65)	26,33 (2,84)
$i_s$	8,40	8,27	6,69/6,7	8,9/8,7

**Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.**Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

FeO,

Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

. 3.



$$= 41,9 \cdot 10^{-30} - 2,755 \cdot 10^{-30} = 39,14 \cdot 10^{-30} \quad \text{FeO, } \dots : \quad \dots$$

$$1,626 \quad \dots$$

. 2.

. 3.  
Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

FeO

1,879

FeO.

FeO – FeO

(- 0,027 );

(- 2,730 );

(0,418 )

FeO (- 0,496 ).

2,835 ,

2,762 ,

FeO

Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

FeO

FeO.  
FeO : 2,1 (- 1,895 );  
(- 0,198 );  
FeO (- 0,027 );  
FeO  
(0,086 0,333 ).

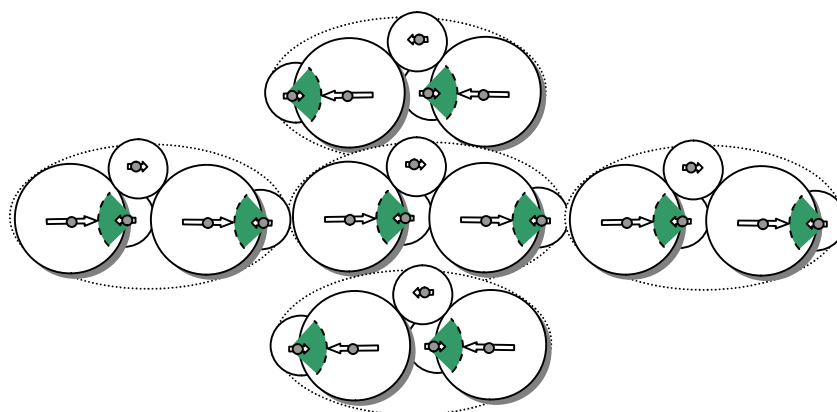
$$= \left[ \frac{2 \cdot \cos \left[ \arcsin \left( \frac{1,5}{2,1} \right) \right]}{4\pi \varepsilon_0 (2r_{FeO})^3} + \frac{2 \cdot \cos \left[ \arcsin \left( \frac{1,5}{2,1} \right) \right]}{4\pi \varepsilon_0 (2r_{FeO})^3} \right] = 0,414 ; \quad (16)$$

(- 1,933 - 0,388 );  
FeO (- 2,730 );  
FeO (+1,248 )  
FeO (+0,66 ).  
8,74 , 8,52 . Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.  
2,32 · 10<sup>-29</sup> .

Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

4



. 4.

Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

$$\dots = \frac{8}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^3} \left( -1 + \frac{0,5776}{2^{3.2}} - \frac{0,669}{3^{3.2}} + \dots \right), \quad (17)$$

$r$  —

$$\begin{aligned} r &= 4,20 \text{ \AA}; & &= 23,2 \cdot 10^{-30} \text{ ;} \\ &- 3,02 \text{ ;} \\ &5 - 0,82 \text{ ,} \\ &- 0,41 \text{ .} \end{aligned}$$

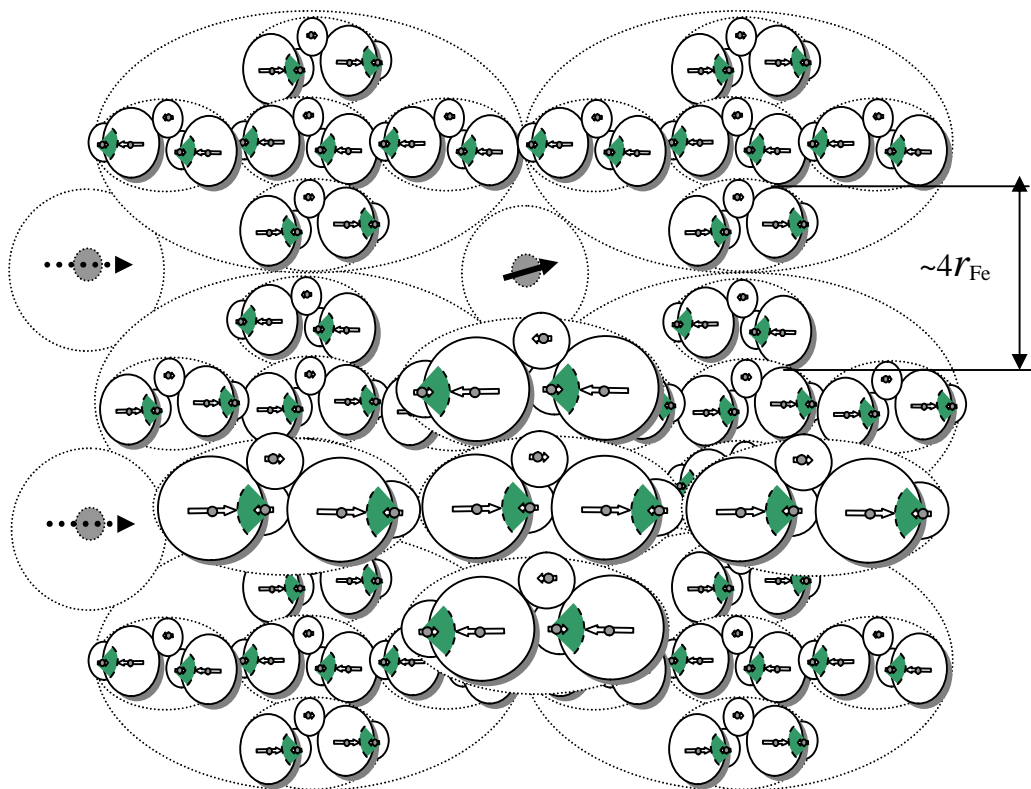
(. 4).

$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ .

$$d = 2r (\sqrt{2} - 1).$$

3,48 \text{ \AA}.

$$\sim 2r_{\text{FeO}} = 3,76 \text{ \AA}.$$



. 5.

$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$

$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ .

$$\begin{aligned} & [3]: \\ \varepsilon_r = 1 + \frac{n_0 p^2}{3\varepsilon_0 k T}. \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

2.  $(\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3)$ .  $\text{MgO}$ ,  $\text{MnO}$   $\text{FeO}$   $\text{Mn}$   $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$   $r = 9,66$   $- 2/(24r^3)$ .  $(r - 21,13; 33,83$   $34,52$   $4,55$ .

$$\sigma = \frac{\sqrt{\varepsilon_r}}{30\pi d}. \quad (19)$$

$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$

$$J_m = \kappa_m H \quad (\kappa_m - \text{coefficient of magnetic susceptibility})$$

$$B = B_0 + J_m = \mu_r \mu_0 H$$

:

$$\kappa_m = \frac{\mu_r \mu_0 n_0 P_m^2}{3k_b T} W_c; \quad \mu_r = 1 + \frac{\mu_r \mu_0 n_0 P_m^2}{3k_b T} (1 - W_c). \quad (20)$$

,

$$\mu_r / \mu_0. \quad (20)$$

$$\kappa_m = \frac{n_0 P}{H} W_c; \quad \mu_r = 1 + \frac{n_0 P}{H} (1 - W_c). \quad (21)$$

W

,

$$W_c = 1 - \int_0^{E - k_b} f(\varepsilon, T) d\varepsilon, \quad (22)$$

 $f(\varepsilon, T) -$ 

-

.

(21)

, ..

-

 $= 10^3 /$  $= 10^3 /$ :  $8,73 \cdot 10^3$ ;  $9,13 \cdot 10^3$   $9,00 \cdot 10^3$ 

MgO, MnO FeO.

- Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> $1,93 \cdot 10^3$ . $= 412 /$ 

(20) (21) :

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$$\vec{M} = [\vec{p}_m \vec{B}]. \quad (23)$$

$\vec{L}$ .

$\omega_p$

$\vec{p}$

$10^{-8}$

$\vec{H}_0$ .

$\vec{H}_0$

$$\vec{H} = \vec{H}_{m,0} \cos(\omega t),$$

$$H_{\Sigma} = \vec{H}_0 + \vec{H}_{m,0} \cos(\omega t). \quad (24)$$

$\vec{H}_{\Sigma}$

$\vec{H}_{\Sigma}$

$\vec{H}_{\Sigma}$

Z

$\vec{H}_0$ .

$$\vec{p}_{,\Sigma} = \vec{p}_{,0} + \vec{p} \cos(\omega t), \quad (25)$$

$$p \ll p_{,0}.$$

(25)

= 0

$[\vec{p} \vec{H}_{,0}]$

$$[\vec{p}_\Sigma \vec{H}_\Sigma] = \{p_{,0} [\vec{k} \vec{H}_{,0}] + H_0 [\vec{p} \vec{k}]\} \cos(\omega t). \quad (26)$$

$$[\vec{k} \vec{H}_{,0}] \quad [\vec{p} \vec{k}]$$

(32)

$$\mu_0 [\vec{\omega} \vec{H}_\Sigma] = \{-[\vec{\omega}_0 \vec{H}_{,0}] + [\vec{\omega} \vec{H}_0]\} \cos(\omega t).$$

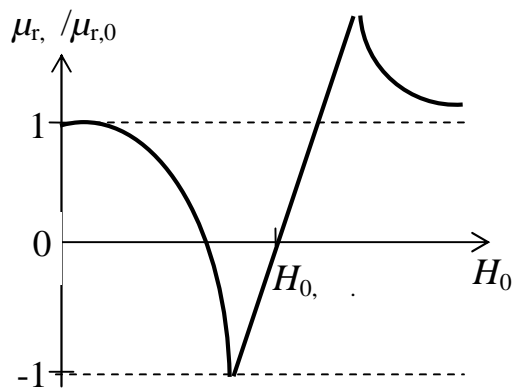
$$i[\vec{\omega} \vec{H}_\Sigma] = \{-[\vec{\omega}_0 \vec{H}_{,0}] + [\vec{\omega} \vec{H}_0]\} e^{-i\omega t}. \quad (27)$$

$$\vec{H}_0(\vec{H}_0) \quad \vec{H}_0(\vec{H}_0).$$

 $\vec{H}_0$ 

$$\omega_0 = e\mu_0 H_0 / 2m_e$$

$$\omega = \omega_0$$



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, , [4,5].

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$$P = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\varepsilon}} H^2 \cdot G + \Delta P \quad (28)$$

$\sqrt{\mu/\varepsilon}$  - ; -  
(  $\Delta P$  -

, , .

$$\dot{Q} = \frac{1}{4} \theta v_n \cdot k \Delta \quad (29)$$

$$\theta = \frac{4 \cdot m}{(M + m)^2} -$$

$$; \quad v_T = \sqrt{\frac{8k \cdot T}{\pi m}} -$$

;  $n$  -  
;  $k$  - ;  $\Delta T$  -

$$\Delta T = \frac{4P}{\theta v_T n \cdot k} \quad (30)$$

1% ( $\sim 0,5$  ).  
 $\text{MgOFe}_2\text{O}_3 \quad \mu_r = 8,33 \cdot 10^3$  ,

$\varepsilon_r = 21,13$ .  
1 10  $\Delta T = 0,8$  .

[6].

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03.05.2012 .

**L. Grechikhyn, N. Kuts**  
**FERRITE: STRUCTURE, PROPERTIES,**  
**APPLICATION**

- The structure of ferrite-shpineley and ferrite pomegranates on a nanolevel is established. Electric and magnetic properties of ferrite are defined by concentration of free diatomic oxides of the metals possessing the powerful built-in electric moment. The phenomenon of cooling of ferrite in resonant conditions under the influence of external influence of magnetic waves of terrestrial magnetism is proved.

**Keywords:** ferrite, clusters, magnetic permeability, electric permeability, ferrimagnitny resonance.