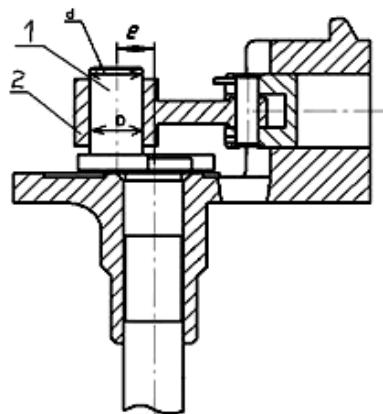


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- [1]
- [2]
- 1 (d) . 1
(D). 2



3 153 1
1500×32×203 54 10 –
2 7 50 / 1 . 2424-83.

25 11098-75.

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6 50 () .
, :
, , :
, , , (D_{min})
(D_{max})

D_{min}
(.1; .2). : 14 (.
T=11 , - 11 ,
- 0).

50
: \bar{Q} -
 \bar{Q}_{d^+} \bar{Q}_d

$$\bar{Q}_{d^+} = \bar{Q} + \Delta^* ,$$

$$\bar{Q}_{d^-} = \bar{Q} - \Delta^* ,$$

=0,25.

$$\Delta = 0.5(\Delta^+ + \Delta^-)$$

$$\Delta^+ = \frac{\bar{Q}_{d^+} - \bar{Q}}{\sigma}, \Delta^- = \frac{\bar{Q} - \bar{Q}_{d^-}}{\sigma}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sigma = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2}, \\
& \bar{x} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i, \\
& [1] \quad L_o = L_1 \left(\frac{\bar{x} - L_{in}}{\sigma} \right), \\
& L_s = Q + t \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}; \quad L_{in} = Q - t \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}, \\
& t = \frac{\bar{x} - L_{in}}{\sigma}, \\
& \vdots \\
& \begin{aligned} & \bar{Q}^+ = \frac{\bar{Q}_+ + \bar{Q}_{d^+}}{2}; \\ & \bar{Q}^- = \frac{\bar{Q}_- + \bar{Q}_{d^-}}{2}. \end{aligned} \\
& 1. \quad (Q_i - K^+) = \sum_{i=1}^j (Q_i - K^+), \\
& n, \quad Q_i (Q_i - K^+), \\
& 2. \quad (Q_i - K^-) = \sum_{i=1}^j (Q_i - K^-), \\
& Q_i (Q_i - K^-), \\
& (Q_i - K^+) = \sum_{i=1}^j (Q_i - K^+), \\
& (Q_i - K^-) = \sum_{i=1}^j (Q_i - K^-), \\
& j = 1, 2, \dots, 8. \\
& Q_i (Q_i - K^+), \\
& \vdots \\
& |\varepsilon| = t \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}.
\end{aligned}$$

Q

$$\bar{Q} = \frac{T}{2} = 5,5; \quad \bar{Q}_{d^+} = 8,25; \quad \bar{Q}_{d^-} = 2,75; \quad + = 6,875; \quad - = 4,125; \quad \sigma = 1,814; \quad \Delta = 1,519.$$

$$t=3,82. \quad n = \left(\frac{\Delta}{1,18} \right)^2 \approx 1,65. \quad n=2. \quad \Delta / \sqrt{n} = 1,18;$$

$$: L_s = 10,41; \quad Lin = 0,59; \quad |\varepsilon| = t \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}; \quad |\varepsilon| = |4,91|.$$

$$1 (\quad)$$

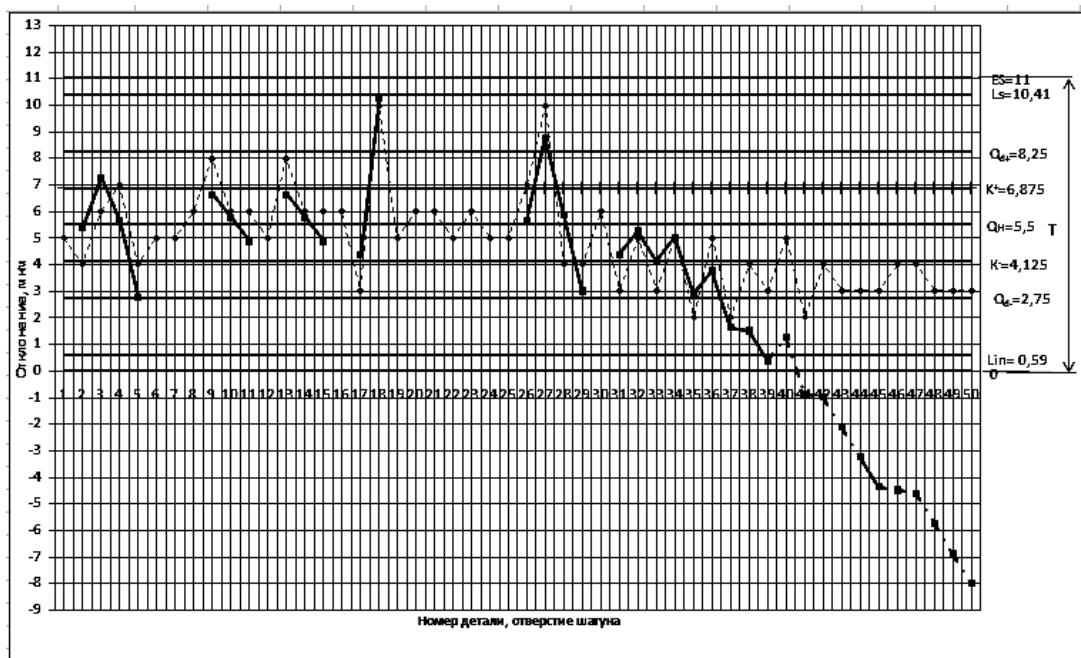
1.

	j	Qi		(+)/(-)	Qi -	Q	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1		5					
2	1	4	4,125	(-)	-0,125	-0,125	
3	2	6	4,125	(-)	1,875	1,75	.
4	1	7	6,875	(+)	0,125	0,125	
5	2	4	6,875	(+)	-2,875	-2,75	.
.....							
31	1	3	4,125	(-)	-1,125	-1,125	
32	2	5	4,125	(-)	0,875	-0,25	
.....							
39	9	3	4,125	(-)	-1,125	-5,125	

.2

$$: m - \quad , \quad . \quad . \quad (\quad . \quad . \quad 2) \quad , \quad 39$$

$$(m = 39).$$



. 2.

D_{max} . , , 27
 (m = 27), 50- , (m = 50).
 . 2 (1). 6 50

. 2.

2.

№ выборки											
1		2		3		4		5		6	
Параметр	m	Параметр	m	Параметр	m	Параметр	m	Параметр	m	Параметр	m
D _{min}	39	D _{min}	-	D _{min}	38	D _{min}	-	D _{min}	37	D _{min}	40
D _{max}	27	D _{max}	9	D _{max}	-	D _{max}	-	D _{max}	13	D _{max}	-
D _{cp}	50	D _{cp}	13	D _{cp}	43	D _{cp}	-	D _{cp}	-	D _{cp}	42

, , L₀ L₁
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1. . . : . . / . . . - . . , 1992
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2. . . . - /
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31.01.2012.

31.01.2012.

V.I. Kovalenko, M.V. Merkulov

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STABILITY ASSESSMENT OF
TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESS OF
TREATMENT OF SURFACES OF COUPLE
SHAFT-RODS

In the article describe a method of construction maps of cumulative sums, presents results of analysis of stability of finishing technological process of surfaces of couple shaft and rod. Also presents scheme of mating surfaces, results of measured parameters, simple checklist and map of cumulative sums. Show a method of the preventive control of stability of the technological process.

Keywords: control chart, cumulative sum, sample.