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 . 0660821228; E-mail: Kuts_n@mail.ru

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18,9%

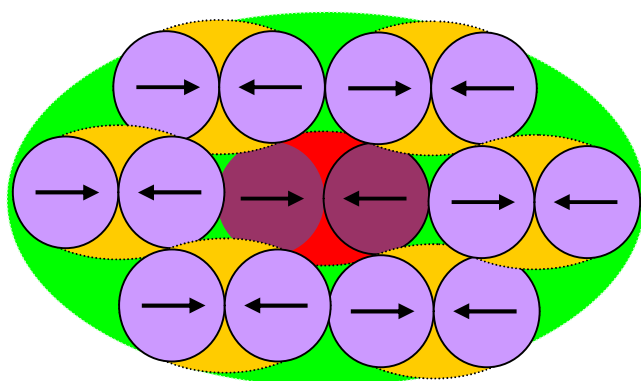
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$$E = E_{\text{in}} + E_{\text{out}} + E_{\text{ref}} + E_{\text{ref}} \quad (1)$$

[2]

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	r _{...1}	r _{...2}	.	.	-	-	
N ₂ – N ₂	0,71	0,71	0,762	0,458	-	0,0067	1,227
O ₂ – O ₂	0,66	0,66	0,799	0,468	-	0,039	1,306
N ₂ – O ₂	0,71	0,66	1,092	0,423	-	0,037	1,552

13

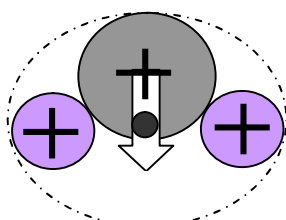
 $(\quad, 1).$
$$(\quad),$$

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 $(2\ 6),$ $(3 \ 8),$ $(4 \ 10),$
$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \quad . \quad .$$

2,

, r_e , Å										
	1	2	3	r ₁	r ₂	r ₃	Z ₁ [*]	Z ₂ [*]	Z ₃ [*]	
C	11,26	24,4	47,9	0,989	0,778	0,725	0,773	1,316	2,421	-
	13,62	35,1	54,9	0,651	0,571	0,540	0,615	1,390	2,056	-
H ₂	15,426	48,11	-	0,714	0,529	-	0,765	1,765	-	0,741
₂	12,08	37,02	-	0,952	0,700	-	0,797	1,797	-	1,207
N ₂	15,58	41,19	-	1,021	0,736	-	1,103	2,103	-	1,098
C ₂	11,9	37,5	-	0,925	0,678	-	0,763	1,763	-	1,242
₂	10,396	31,46	60,5	1,270	0,878	0,695	0,916	1,916	2,916	
₂	12,614	43,06	91,54	1,226	0,694	0,484	1,072	2,072	3,072	
₄	11,81	34,39	68,27	1,35	0,883	0,656	1,106	2,106	3,106	



$\sigma_1 = 0,454$, $\sigma_2 = 0,107$.

$$S = 0,372.$$

. 2.



$$\Theta_{CH_2} = (1 - P_1 S) \Theta_C + P_2 (1 - S) \Theta_{H_2} = 10,395 \quad . \quad (2)$$

$$= 10,396 \quad [3].$$

28,

$$0,741 \text{ \AA} \sim 1,8 \text{ \AA}.$$

$$r_1 = 0,454$$

$$\Delta P_{,C} = P_1 e \Delta r, \quad (3)$$

$$r = r_C - r_H -$$

$$(r_C - r_H -$$

).

2

$$p_{,2} = p_{,1} + \Delta p_{,2} = (3,851 + 1,81) \cdot 10^{-30} = 5,66 \cdot 10^{-30} \quad (4)$$

$$p_{,2} = 5,00 \quad [3].$$

$$= 0,398,$$

$$12,614$$

$$-- S = 0,385.$$

$$0,741 \text{ \AA}$$

$$1,74 \text{ \AA}.$$

$$6,032 \cdot 10^{-30}$$

$$-6,167 \cdot 10^{-30}$$

2

$$1,084$$

$$r_1 = 0,414,$$

$$-- S = 0,0865.$$

(2)

$$11,81$$

$$p_{,4} = (5,660 + 2,315) \cdot 10^{-30} =$$

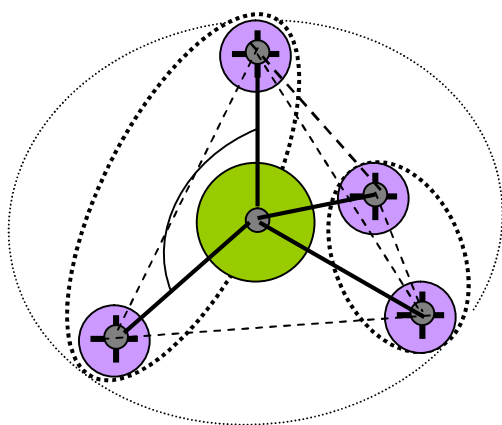
$$.3$$

$$1,8 \text{ \AA}$$

$$1,35 \text{ \AA}.$$

3.

3 [5].



	, -				-	/
	.	.	-	-		
2 - 2	-1,209	-0,005	-0,162	-2,496	-1,855	1,346
2 - 2	-0,025	-0,022	-0,003	+0,232	+0,182	1,275
	-0,025	-0,022	-0,003	-0,240	-0,290	0,83

-	2								
	2	N ₂	2	2	N ₂	2	N ₂	2	N ₂
.	0,684	0,545	1,023	1,131	0,534	2,073	1,924	1,200	1,248
.	0,038	0,022	0,061	0,054	0,019	0,140	0,088	0,103	0,076
-	0,723	0,428	-	0,876	0,553	0,406	0,341	0	0
-	0,111	0,038	-	0,218	0,080	0,109	0,036	0,219	0,071
	1,358	1,033	1,084	2,225	1,29	2,728	2,388	1,522	1,396

$$\frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{2} \quad 2,225 - 1,084 = 1,141 \quad .$$

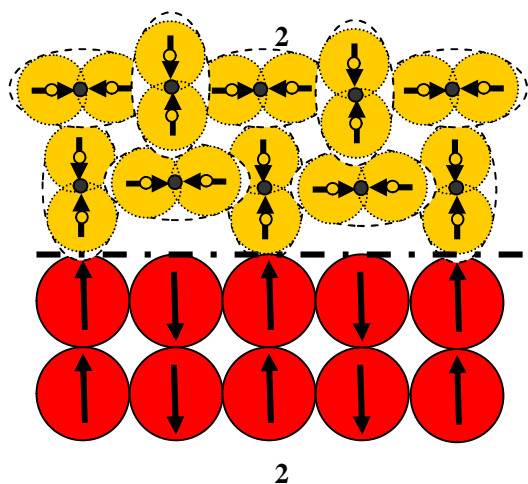
$$2 + 2 \longleftrightarrow + 2 \quad . \quad (5)$$

$$\Delta E = D_{CO} + D_{H_2-O} - D_{C-H_2} - D_{O_2} = 11,09 + 5,0 - 3,97 - 5,12 = 7,0 \quad .$$

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785,5
[6,7].

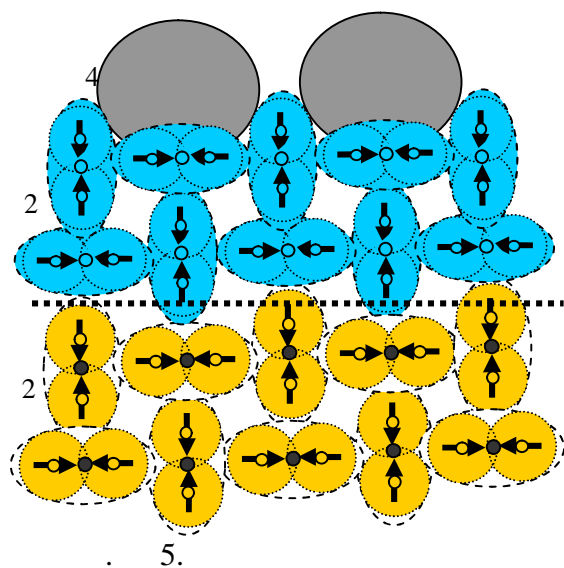
$$+ 2 \longleftrightarrow 2 + 331,9 \quad / \quad . \quad (6)$$

[8]



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 $\sim 10\%$
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$$\frac{dn}{dt} = k_f n_T n_K. \quad (7)$$

$$dn/dt = k_f n_T n_K - n_T n_K.$$

$$k_f = 2(r_1 + r_2)^2 (2\pi k_B / \mu)^{1/2} \exp(-E_a / k_B T), \quad (8)$$

$$r_1, r_2 = \dots; \mu = \dots; \dots + D \leftrightarrow AC + BD [9]$$

$$E_a = 0,29(D_{AC} + D_{BD} - D_{AB} - D_{CD}). \quad (9)$$

$$D_{AB}, D_{CD} - D_{AC} - D_{BD} \sim 0,331 \quad .$$

(6) $8,141$, $-- 9,00$.
 $[8,11,12]$,

$$v_{\text{esc}} = \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{Q}{\alpha' \rho_c} \right)^{1/2} \frac{1}{r^{3/2}}, \quad (10)$$

851, Q_{-} , r_{-} , 0 ,

[17]:

$$\begin{aligned} v &= \frac{2}{\gamma+2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{M^2} \right) v_{\infty}; \\ P &= P_{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M^2 \right)^{\gamma/(\gamma-1)}; \\ T &= T_{\infty} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M^2 \right). \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

(11)

, . . . $v_{\text{...}} > c = \sqrt{\gamma P_{\infty} / \rho_{\infty}}$.

$$v_{\text{...}} = \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{8,141 \cdot e}{0,851 \cdot 1,29} \right)^{1/2} \cdot \frac{1}{(3 \cdot 0,925 \cdot 10^{-10} + 4 \cdot 0,952 \cdot 10^{-10})^{3/2}} = 25,8 \cdot 10^3 \text{ / .} \quad (12)$$

, :

$$r_c = \left[\frac{2/5(Q/\alpha'\rho)}{c} \right]^{2/3} = 1,2 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ .} \quad (13)$$

~ 18 .
 $(318-18) \cdot 8,141 \cdot 1,6 \cdot 10^{-19}$.
 $1,2 \cdot 10^{-8}$.
 $1,4 \cdot 10^3$ / .
 $3,14 \cdot 10^{-8}$,
 $-- 1,36 \cdot 10^3$ / .
 $1,48 \cdot 10^{-7}$.
 $\sim 1,45 \cdot 10^{-7}$.

, (11) ~ 1300 .

$(1^{-3}) \sim 10^{10}$, . . . -

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08.02.2012.

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L.I. Grechikhyn, N.G. Kuts

PHYSIC OF THE COMBUSTION AND EXPLOSION OF THE METHAN-AIR MIXUTE AND COAL DUST

It is shown that the Earth's atmosphere at low temperatures at night, a molecule of oxygen, nitrogen, and nitrogen and oxygen in large quantities are in the form of clusters. Therefore, in mines and caves of the atmosphere is saturated with such clusters. In winter there are explosions caused by blasting and sparks. In the presence of coal mine dust, shrouded in liquid oxygen, in normal conditions, spontaneous combustion occurs with bursting near the ventilation duct and this local explosion initiates a massive explosion of methane-air mixture in the whole volume of the mine.

Keywords: methane-air mixture, clusters, mine, spontaneous combustion, coal dust, methane, liquid oxygen.